

# Employment of last resort: an opportunity for displaced population of Colombia

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## Displacement: A humanitarian crisis in Colombia





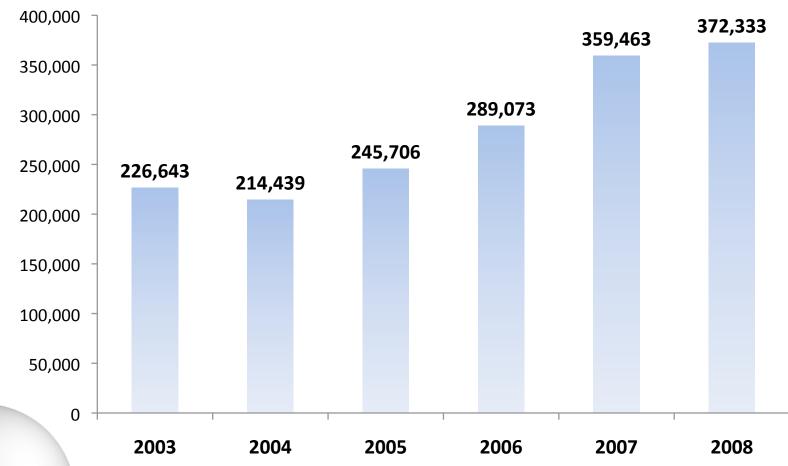
#### A diagnosis

- Up until March 2009, displacement in Colombia rose to 2.98 million people.
- However, Codhes (Human Rights and displacement advisory group) asserts that up until 2008, displacement in Colombia may have exceeded 4 million people.





#### Colombia's annual displacement rate









#### **A Diagnosis**

- 40.3% of the displaced population are between 0 and 19 years old.
- 26.7% of them are between 20 and 39 years old.
- There is no available statistics data about the age range of 15.8% of the displaced population.





### **A Diagnosis**

• 48,8% of the displaced population are women.

• The approximate number of displaced households is 662,000

47% are headed by women.





### No going back opportunity

 According to Codhes, the largest amount of abandoned land by displaced people is in the Caribbean Region (38.2%), followed by the Amazon and the Pacific Regions (34.5%) and the Andean Region (27.3%).





### No going back opportunity

 In the Caribbean Region, 48.6% of displaced people reports land ownership before displacement.

Each family abandoned 13.7 hectares of land on average.

• In the Andean Region, each family abandoned 11.8 hectares of land on average and left 2.5 hectares of crops.





# Colombia's displacement ranking in the world





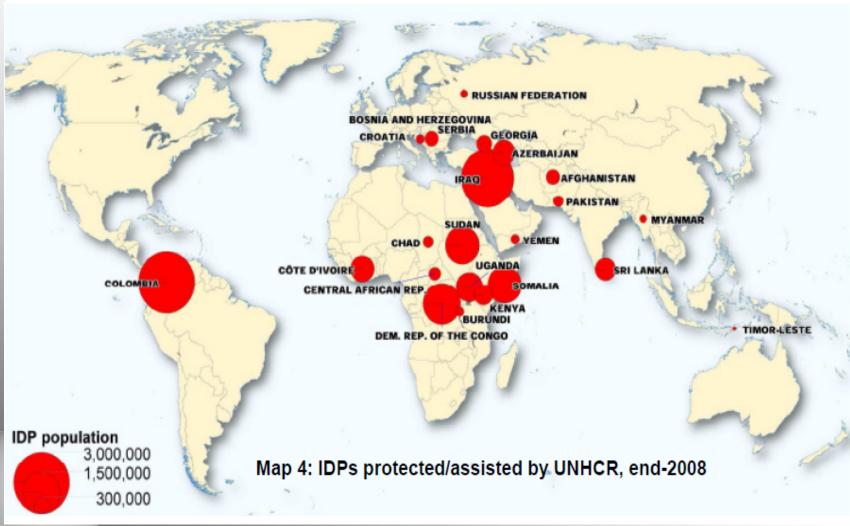
#### Internally displaced persons (IDP)

- Colombia has the largest number of internally displaced population around the world.
- Followed by Iraq with 2.6 million of internally displaced persons.
- Congo and Somalia have 1.5 million and 1.3 million IDP respectively.





### Internally displaced persons



Source: UNHCR





## A Possible Way Out





### A Possible Way Out

• Internal displacement is one of the big issues around the world.

 In Colombia, there is no analysis in either the agricultural sector nor from the labor market perspective that will support a way out.





# Employment of last resort: A Transitory or A permanent choice





#### **Employment of last resort**

- It is impossible to return the land of the displaced population of Colombia.
- Security risks continue and the displaced people are afraid to go back.
- Last resort or employment of last resort will be
   the main answer to this humanitarian crisis.





# Cash income transfers vs. last resort or employment of last resort





### Advantages and disadvantages

- Fiscal resources
- Human development
- Informal employment stimulus
- Preparation for formal employment
- How should the transition be?





# Employment of last resort: an opportunity for the displaced population of Colombia





#### **Characteristics**

Establish a Legal minimal wage with:

- Cash transferences for workers
- Creation of Investment projects
- Stimulus for formal employment





#### **Investment projects**

Investment projects encourage formal employment when:

- They dignify the labor market
- •When employment of last resort is used to reactivate the economy





#### The importance of wages' structure

- Focused to poorest people's needs
- Maintenance of stimulus to promote formal employment, when possible.
- Secure the highest coverage for the poor,
   within a fix budget





# Employment of last resort: an opportunity for displaced population of Colombia

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